NAME (Printed):

Math 304-6 Linear Algebra Fall 2025 Quiz 1 Feingold

INSTRUCTIONS: Show all necessary work for each problem.

Let 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 & 3 & 5 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 5 & 4 & 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$
 be the coefficient matrix of the linear system  $AX = 0_1^4$ .

(1) (5 Points) Row reduce  $[A|0_1^4]$  to **Reduced Row Echelon Form** (RREF) to find the solution set  $\{X \in \mathbb{F}^4 \mid AX = 0_1^4\}$  in terms of some **free variables** in  $\mathbb{F}$ .

(2) (5 Points) Let  $B = \begin{bmatrix} b_1 \\ b_2 \\ b_3 \\ b_4 \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{F}^4$ . Row reduce [A|B] to Reduced Row Echelon Form

(RREF) to find the **consistency conditions** on the entries of B required for the linear system AX = B to be **consistent**.

1. (5 Points) The row reduction of  $[A|0_1^4]$  to RREF needed to solve  $AX = 0_1^4$  is:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & | & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 3 & 5 & | & 0 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 & 0 & | & 0 \\ 5 & 4 & 3 & 2 & | & 0 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & | & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 4 & 6 & | & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & -2 & -3 & | & 0 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 & -2 & | & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & | & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & | & 0 \end{bmatrix} \text{ so } \begin{cases} x_1 = r + 2s \\ x_2 = -2r - 3s \\ x_3 = r \in \mathbb{F} \\ x_4 = s \in \mathbb{F}. \end{cases}$$

The solution set in terms of **free variables** is 
$$\left\{X = \begin{bmatrix} r+2s \\ -2r-3s \\ r \\ s \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{F}^4 \mid r, s \in \mathbb{F}\right\}$$
.

In the first step of the row reduction the row operations used were:  $R_1 + R_2 \rightarrow R_2$ ,  $-3R_1 + R_3 \rightarrow R_3$  and  $-5R_1 + R_4 \rightarrow R_4$ . In the second step the row operations used were:  $R_3 + R_1 \rightarrow R_1$ ,  $2R_3 + R_2 \rightarrow R_2$ ,  $-R_3 + R_4 \rightarrow R_4$ ,  $R_2 \leftrightarrow R_3$ .

2. (5 Points) For  $B=\begin{bmatrix}b_1\\b_2\\b_3\\b_4\end{bmatrix}\in\mathbb{F}^4$  **consistency conditions** on the entries of B for

AX = B are found by row reduction of [A|B]. The consistency conditions come from rows with all zeros on the left side of the RREF:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & b_1 \\ -1 & 1 & 3 & 5 & b_2 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 & 0 & b_3 \\ 5 & 4 & 3 & 2 & b_4 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & b_1 \\ 0 & 2 & 4 & 6 & b_2 + b_1 \\ 0 & -1 & -2 & -3 & b_3 - 3b_1 \\ 0 & -1 & -2 & -3 & b_4 - 5b_1 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 & -2 & -2b_1 + b_3 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 3b_1 - b_3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -5b_1 + b_2 + 2b_3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -2b_1 - b_3 + b_4 \end{bmatrix} \text{ is consistent iff } 0 = -5b_1 + b_2 + 2b_3 \text{ and } 0 = -2b_1 - b_3 + b_4.$$

Note that these two conditions are equivalent to the two conditions  $b_2 = 5b_1 - 2b_3$  and  $b_3 = -2b_1 + b_4$ , and these conditions are satisfied by each of the four columns of A. Can you explain why  $AX = Col_j(A)$  is consistent for  $1 \le j \le 4$ ?