NA	ME (Printed):				
	Math 304-6	Linear Algebra	Fall 2025	Quiz 2	Feingold
be a	an $m \times n$ matrix with	th entries from field e function associated	$\mathbb{F}$ , let $0 \in \mathbb{F}^n$ d with $A$ defin	be the $m$ ded as $L_A(X)$	problems, let $A \in \mathbb{F}_n^m \times 1$ zero matrix, and $X = AX$ . Each fill-in
(1)		matrix C in RREF			nen the homogeneous n its solution.
(2)	2) If the linear system $AX = 0$ has only the trivial solution, then $rank(A) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ .				
(3) If the linear system $AX = B$ is consistent for any $B \in \mathbb{F}^m$ , then $rank(A) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ .					
(4)	If $rank(A) = m$ the	en as a function $L_A$	is	(a p	property).
(5)	If $rank(A) = n$ the	n as a function $L_A$ i	S	(a p	roperty).
(6)	In general, for $A \in$	$\mathbb{F}_n^m$ , we only know t	hat $rank(A)$	<	·
(7)	If $m > n$ then as a	function $L_A$ canno	t be	(	a property).
(8)	If $m < n$ then as a	function $L_A$ canno	t be	(	a property).
(9)	If $L_A$ is bijective (b	ooth injective and su	rjective) then	= ran	$nk(A) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}.$

Math 304-6 Linear Algebra Fall 2025 Quiz 2 Solutions Feingold INSTRUCTIONS: Fill in the blank for each problem. For all problems, let  $A \in \mathbb{F}_n^m$  be an  $m \times n$  matrix with entries from field  $\mathbb{F}$ , let  $\mathbf{0} \in \mathbb{F}^m$  be the  $m \times 1$  zero matrix, and let  $L_A : \mathbb{F}^n \to \mathbb{F}^m$  be the function associated with A defined as  $L_A(X) = AX$ . Each fill-in blank is worth one point. No justifications for answers are needed.

- (1) If A row reduces to matrix C in RREF with r non-zero rows, then the homogeneous linear system  $AX = \mathbf{0}$  has n r free variables in its solution.
- (2) If the linear system  $AX = \mathbf{0}$  has only the trivial solution, then  $rank(A) = \underline{n}$ .
- (3) If the linear system AX = B is consistent for any  $B \in \mathbb{F}^m$ , then  $rank(A) = \underline{m}$ .
- (4) If rank(A) = m then then as a function  $L_A$  is <u>onto</u> or surjective.
- (5) If rank(A) = n then then as a function  $L_A$  is one to one or injective.
- (6) In general, for  $A \in \mathbb{F}_n^m$ , we only know that  $rank(A) \leq Min(m, n)$ .
- (7) If m > n then then as a function  $L_A$  cannot be  $\underline{surjective}$  since  $rank(A) = r \le n < m$  so there are consistency conditions on B for AX = B.
- (8) If m < n then then as a function  $L_A$  cannot be <u>injective</u> since  $rank(A) = r \le m < n$  so there are n r > 0 free variables in the solutions to  $AX = \mathbf{0}$ .
- (9) If  $L_A$  is bijective (both injective and surjective) then  $\underline{m} = rank(A) = \underline{n}$ .