Math 304, Section 5 — Quiz 5 – February 20

Name:\_\_\_\_\_

1. Let  $V \subset \mathbb{R}^{\mathbb{N}}$  be the set of convergent sequences of real numbers, with addition and scalar multiplication defined as for sequences. Is V a vector space? Why or why not?

2. Let  $W \subset \mathbb{R}^{\mathbb{R}}$  be the set of real-valued functions on the real line which are *nowhere* zero. (Example:  $e^x$ .) Is W a vector space? Why or why not?

3. Is there a linear function  $p: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}$  such that p(1,2) = 1 and p(2,4) = 3? Why or why not?

4. Suppose  $f \colon \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}$  is a linear function such that f(1,2) = 0 and f(2,3) = 1. Find f(x,y).