## Quiz 17

1. Which of the following statements about the real matrix shown below is FALSE?

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 4 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

?

- (a) A is invertible
- (b) If  $\mathbf{x} \in \mathbf{R}^5$  and  $A\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{x}$ , then  $\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{0}$
- (c) The last row of  $A^2$  is  $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 25 \end{bmatrix}$
- (d) A can be transformed into the  $5 \times 5$  identity matrix by a sequence of elementary row operations
- (e) det(A) = 120
- 2. Suppose the determinant of a  $2 \times 2$  matrix A is equal to 3. What is the determinant of 5A?
  - (a) 3
  - (b) 9
  - (c) 15
  - (d) 75
  - (e) Not enough information is given

3.	What is the determinant of the matrix	1	0	0	0
		100	1	0	0
		100	200	1	0
		100	200	300	1

- (a) 100
- (b) 200
- (c) 1
- (d) 0
- 4. if A is a 3  $\times$  5 matrix, then the determinant of A is
  - (a) A  $3 \times 5$  matrix
  - (b) A 5  $\times$  3 matrix
  - (c) A number (possibly non-zero)
  - (d) A subspace of  $\mathbf{R}^3$
  - (e) A subspace of  $\mathbf{R}^5$
  - (f) Zero
  - (g) Undefined

5. Which of the following is the larger of the eigenvalues of the matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 1 \\ 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$ ?

- (a) 4
- (b) 5
- (c) 6
- (d) 10

(e) 12

- 6. In order to be able to discuss the "eigenvalues" of a linear map  $f: V \to W$  at all, f must be
  - (a) Onto (surjective).
  - (b) One-to-one (injective).
  - (c) Endomorphic, i.e. we must have W = V.
  - (d) An isomorphism, i.e. both one-to-one and onto.
- 7. Compute the product  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}^4 \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ 
  - (a)  $\begin{bmatrix} 27\\27\\\end{bmatrix}$ (b)  $\begin{bmatrix} 81\\81\\\end{bmatrix}$
  - (c)  $\begin{bmatrix} 243 \\ 242 \end{bmatrix}$
  - (c) [243](d) [729]
  - (d)  $\begin{vmatrix} 729 \\ 729 \end{vmatrix}$
  - (e) None of the above
- 8. For any integer *n*, what will this product be?  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}^n \begin{bmatrix} -5 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$ 
  - (a)  $3^n \begin{bmatrix} -5\\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$ (b)  $(-1)^n \begin{bmatrix} -5\\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$ (c)  $(-5)^n \begin{bmatrix} 1\\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$ (d)  $5 \begin{bmatrix} (-1)^n\\ (-1)^n \end{bmatrix}$
  - (e) None of the above
  - (f) More than one of the above

9. Vector x is an eigenvector of matrix A. If  $x = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$  and  $Ax = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 12 \end{bmatrix}$ , then what is the associated eigenvalue?

- (a) 1
- (b) 3
- (c) 4
- (d) Not enough information is given
- 10. What does it mean if 0 is an eigenvalue of a matrix A?
  - (a) The determinant of A is zero
  - (b) The columns of A are linearly dependent
  - (c) There are an infinite number of solutions to the system Ax = 0
  - (d) All of the above
  - (e) None of the above