

Homework

due on Monday, November 12

Read section 2.2 in Lauritzen's book and section 3.2.1 in Cameron's book. Solve the following problems.

Problem 1. Let G be a group and let H, K be two subgroups of G such that $H \cup K$ is also a subgroup. Prove that either $H \subseteq K$ or $K \subseteq H$.

Problem 2. Let G be a group. Define the **center** of G as the subset $Z(G)$ of all elements which commute with every element of G , i.e.

$$Z(G) = \{g \in G : ag = ga \text{ for every } a \in G\}.$$

- a) Prove that $Z(G)$ is a subgroup of G .
- b) Find $Z(D_6)$, $Z(D_8)$, $Z(Q_8)$ and $Z(D_\infty)$.
- c) What is $Z(D_{2n})$?

Problem 3. Let G be a group and let H, K be subgroups of G .

- a) Show that $H \cap K$ is a subgroup of G .
- b) Suppose that $h_1, h_2 \in H$. Prove that $h_1(H \cap K) = h_2(H \cap K)$ iff $h_1K = h_2K$. Conclude that $[H : H \cap K] \leq [G : K]$.
- c) Let L be a subgroup of H . Prove that $[G : L]$ is finite iff both $[G : H]$ and $[H : L]$ are finite and then $[G : L] = [G : H][H : L]$. Hint: Show that if $aH \neq bH$ then $aL \neq bL$ and that H/L is a subset of G/L .
- d) Suppose that $[G : H]$ and $[G : K]$ are finite. Prove that $[G : H \cap K] \leq [G : H][G : K]$ (so, in particular, $[G : H \cap K]$ is finite).