

Homework

due on Wednesday, November 9

Read carefully Chapters 3 and 4 of Hartshorne's book. Solve the following problems:

15.3

18.9

20.4

20.5

20.17

20.14 Hint: Let the given lines be A_1A_2 , A_2A_3 , A_1A_3 and l , where l intersects A_1A_2 at B_3 , A_1A_3 at B_2 and A_2A_3 at B_1 . Consider circles C_1 on diameter A_1B_1 and C_2 on diameter A_2B_2 . Prove that each of the four orthocenters has the same power with respect to C_1 and C_2 .

Problem 1. Let Π be a Hilbert plane which does not satisfy the Archimedes axiom (A). Thus there exist segments \overline{AB} and \overline{AQ} such that $n\overline{AB} < \overline{AQ}$ for every natural number n . Consider the set Π_A which consists of A and all points P in Π for which there exists a natural number m such that $\overline{AP} < m\overline{AB}$ (we call such points finitely bounded from A). Call a subset l of Π_A a line if it is non-empty and there is a line L in Π such that $l = L \cap \Pi_A$.

- a) Prove that Π_A with the lines defined above is an incidence geometry.
- b) Prove that Π_A does not satisfy the parallel postulate (P) (hint: note first that for any $P \in \Pi_A$ the line PQ in Π intersected with Π_A is a line in Π_A through P and all these lines are parallel to each other.
- c) Define betweenness in Π_A as follows: Y is between X and Z in Π_A if the same holds when we consider them as points in Π . Prove that the betweenness axioms are satisfied for Π_A .
- d) Define two segments \overline{XY} and \overline{KL} in Π_A to be congruent if the segments \overline{XY} and \overline{KL} in Π are congruent. Similarly, two angles $\angle XYZ$ and $\angle KLM$ are congruent in Π_A if the angles $\angle XYZ$ and $\angle KLM$ are congruent in Π . Prove that Π_A satisfies the congruence axioms. It follows that Π_A is a Hilbert plane which does not satisfy

the parallel axiom.