## Homework due on Wednesday, December 1

**Problem 1.** There is exactly one road joining any two of n cities. Due to various constructions, each of these roads is a one way road. Suppose that whenever we can travel the road from city A to city B and the road from city B to city C then we can also travel the road from C to A. What can you say about n?

**Problem 2.** Find smallest number f(n) for which the following statement is true: any graph with 2n + 1 vertices and f(n) edges contains three vertices such that any two of them are joined by an edge (i.e. it contains circuit of length 3). Remark: In class we showed that for graphs with even number 2n of vertices the analogous number is  $n^2 + 1$ .

**Problem 3.** a) There are 10 people in a party. Prove that there are either 3 people who are mutual strangers or there are 4 people who know each other.

b)) Prove that the same is true when 10 is replaced by 9. Hint: Show that if there is a person who knows at most 4 other people then the result holds. Show that if there is a person who knows more than 5 other people then the result holds (you can use what we did in class about 6 people discussing 2 topics). Prove that there must be a person for which one of the above is true.

**Problem 4.** Each of the three companies employs n people. Each employee knows exactly n + 1 employees from other two companies. Prove that one can choose one employee from each company so that the three know each other.

**Problem 5.** Any group of four people in a village contains a person who has a common interest with each of the other three poeple. Assuming that the village has at least 4 poeple prove that there is a person sharing a common interest with everybody else.

**Problem 6.** a) A graph is called **bipartite** if its vertices can be divided into two disjoint groups such that no two vertices in the same group are connected by an edge. Prove that a graph is bipartate iff it does not have a circuit (closed path) with odd number of vertices.

b) N cities are served by n airlines. For any two cities there is at lest one airline

offering a direct connection between these cities (all airlines provided service in both directions). Suppose that  $N > 2^n$ . Prove that there is an airline offering a roun trip with an odd number of landings. Hint: Use induction on n and a).