

## Math 330 Section 4 - Fall 2021 - Homework 05

*Published: Thursday, September 16, 2021*

*Running total: 23 points*

*Last submission: Friday, October 1, 2021*

### Status - Reading Assignments:

Here is the status of the reading assignments you were asked to complete by this date.

B/G (Beck/Geoghegan) Textbook:

ch.1, ch.2.1 - 2.2, ch.3

MF lecture notes:

ch.2-3, skim ch.4, ch.5-5.2.3

B/K lecture notes:

ch.1.1 (Introduction to sets) (optional)

ch.1.2 (Introduction to Functions) but skip ch.1.2.4: Floor and Ceiling Functions (optional)

### New reading assignments:

#### Reading assignment 1 - due: Monday, September 13:

- a. Read carefully MF ch.5.2.4 - 5.2.6.

#### Reading assignment 2 - due: Wednesday, September 15:

- a. Read carefully the remainder of MF ch.5. Warning: Ch.5.8 is quite abstract!

#### Reading assignment 3 - due Friday, September 17:

- a. Read carefully MF ch.2.4. Pay particular attention to the proof of the triangle inequality. This is in preparation for MF ch.6.1.
- b. Skim MF ch.2.5. The material should be familiar to you.
- b. Read MF ch.6.1 extra carefully.
- b. Read carefully MF ch.6.2.

**Written assignments are on the next page.**

**General note on written assignments:** Unless expressly stated otherwise, to prove a proposition or theorem you are allowed to make use of everything in the book up to but NOT including the specific item you are asked to prove.

**Written assignment 1:**

One point each for **a** and **b**:

Let  $X, Y \neq \emptyset$  and  $f : X \rightarrow Y$ .

- a. Prove that  $R := \{(x, x') \in X \times X : f(x) = f(x')\}$  is an equivalence relation on  $X$ .
- b. For the special case  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}; x \rightarrow x^2$  compute the equivalence classes  $[2], [0], [-2]$  for this equivalence relation.

**Written assignment 2:**

Prove formulas (5.15) and (5.16) of Proposition 5.4: Let  $f : X \rightarrow Y$ . Then

$$(5.15) \quad A_1 \subseteq A_2 \subseteq X \Rightarrow f(A_1) \subseteq f(A_2)$$

$$(5.16) \quad B_1 \subseteq B_2 \subseteq Y \Rightarrow f^{-1}(B_1) \subseteq f^{-1}(B_2)$$

One point each for **a** and **b**!!