

## Math 330 Section 5 - Spring 2022 - Homework 02

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*Running total: 14 points*

<b>Last submission date has been changed from Feb 2 to Feb 9</b>
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### Previously assigned reading:

MF lecture notes:

ch.2.1 - 2.3, ch.3.1 - 3.4 until Def.3.12 (Absolute value)

B/G (Beck/Geoghegan) Textbook (Optional):

ch.1, ch.2.1 - 2.2

B/K lecture notes (Optional):

ch.1.1 (Introduction to sets)

ch.1.2 (Introduction to Functions) but skip ch.1.2.4: Floor and Ceiling Functions

### New reading assignments: NONE!

You will get your next reading assignments in homework 3.

### Written assignments:

Partial credit will be given. You can earn as many as 10 points!
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### Helpful hints:

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| <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>a. No matter what <math>A</math> stands for, it is never true that <math>A = \{A\}</math>. Not even if <math>A = \emptyset</math> (the empty set): <math>\{\emptyset\} = \{\emptyset\}</math> is a set which contains an element (exactly one): The empty set! Because <math>\{\emptyset\}</math> is not empty it follows that <math>\{\emptyset\} \neq \emptyset</math>. By the way: It is true that <math>\emptyset \subseteq \{\emptyset\}</math>!</li><li>b. No matter what <math>A</math> stands for, it is never true that <math>A \in A</math>. Again, not even if <math>A = \emptyset</math> (the empty set): The empty set contains nothing at all; in particular, it does not contain any set; in particular, it does not contain the set that has no elements, i.e., the empty set. Thus <math>\emptyset \notin \emptyset</math>.</li><li>c. <b>CAREFUL HERE:</b> It is possible to have both <math>a \in U</math> and <math>\{a\} \in U</math>. Matter of fact, the first assignment of this homework contains such an example.</li></ol> |
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Note the following:

A. In the MF doc refer to def.2.10 for the preliminary definition of the size of a set  $S$ :

If  $S$  is finite then  $|S|$  is the number of elements of  $S$ , otherwise  $|S| = \infty$ .

B. Refer to MF doc def.2.22 (Preliminary definition: cartesian product) for the definition of  $X \times Y$ .

**Written assignment 1:** Let  $A = \{u, w, \{w\}, \{u, w\}\}$ . **true or false?**

- a.  $\{w\} \subseteq A$
- b.  $\{\{w\}\} \subseteq A$
- c.  $\{u\} \subseteq A$
- d.  $u \subseteq A$
- e.  $\{w\} \in A$
- f.  $\{\{w\}\} \in A$
- g.  $\{u\} \in A$
- h.  $u \in A$

**Written assignment 2:** Find the size of each of the following sets:

- a.  $A = \{6, \{6\}, \{-6\}\}$
- b.  $F = \{\sin(x) : x \in \mathbb{R}\}$
- c.  $D = \{2, 3, 4, 3, 2\}$
- d.  $C = \{5z - 3z^2 : z \in \mathbb{Z}\}$
- e.  $B = \{4, \{4\}, \pi, \{4\}, \{\pi\}, \{4, \pi\}\}$
- f.  $E = \{(-1)^k : k \in \mathbb{Z}\}$

**Written assignment 3:**

Let  $U = \{a, \{b\}\}$  and  $V = \{a, b, \{a\}, \{a, b\}\}$ . **true or false?**

- a.  $\{b\} \in U \cap V$
- b.  $\{b\} \in U \setminus V$
- c.  $a \in U \cap V$
- d.  $a \in U \setminus V$
- e.  $\{b\} \in U \cup V$
- f.  $\{b\} \in U \Delta V$
- g.  $a \in U \cup V$
- h.  $a \in U \Delta V$

**Written assignment 4:** Let  $G = \{3, 4\}$ , and let  $H = \{u, v, w\}$ .

- a. What is  $G \times H$ ?
- b. What is  $H \times G$ ?
- c. What is  $|G \times H|$ ?
- d. What is  $|H \times G|$ ?
- e. Is  $(4, u) \in G \times H$ ?
- f. Is  $(4, u) \in H \times G$ ?
- g. Is  $w \cdot 3 \in G \times H$ ?
- h. Is  $w \cdot 3 \in H \times G$ ?

**Written assignment 5:** Let  $X = \{4\}$ .

- a. What is  $2^X$ ?
- b. What is  $2^{(2^X)}$ ?

Remember that you are dealing with power sets, so the answers must be sets and NOT numbers!