

Math 330 Section 5 - Fall 2022 - Homework 04

Published: Wednesday, September 7, 2022
Last submission: Monday, September 19, 2022

Running total: 19 points

Status - Reading Assignments:

Here is the status of the reading assignments you were asked to complete by this date.

MF lecture notes:

ch.2.1 – 2.4, ch.3; skim ch.4; ch.5 – 5.2.3

B/G (Beck/Geoghegan) Textbook:

ch.1 – 2.2, ch.3

B/K lecture notes:

ch.1.1 (Introduction to sets) (optional)

ch.1.2 (Introduction to Functions) but skip ch.1.2.4: Floor and Ceiling Functions (optional)

New reading assignments:

Reading assignment 1 - due Monday, September 12:

- Read carefully MF ch.5.2.4 – 5.2.7.

Reading assignment 2 - due Wednesday, September 14:

- a. Read carefully MF ch.5.2.8. You have already encountered much of the material in MF ch.2.4.
- b. Read carefully MF ch.2.7. Work with pencil and paper through Proposition 2.7 and be sure to understand Remark 2.19. Read ch.2.8.

Reading assignment 3 - due Friday, September 16:

- a. Read carefully MF ch.6.1.
- b. Reread the end of MF ch.3.1 about group homomorphisms, starting at Example 3.7.
- c. Read carefully MF ch.6.2.

Written assignments are on the next page.

General note on written assignments: Unless expressly stated otherwise, to prove a proposition or theorem you are allowed to make use of everything in the book up to but NOT including the specific item you are asked to prove.

Written assignment 1: Let (R, \oplus, \odot, P) be an ordered integral domain.

Prove the following part of Proposition 3.49(a): Let $x, y \in R$ such that $0 \leq x \leq y$. Then $x^2 \leq y^2$.

Hint: Some part of Proposition 3.47 might come in handy.

Written assignment 2: Use anything before Proposition 3.56 to prove the following part of Proposition 3.56:

Let (R, \oplus, \odot, P) be an ordered integral domain. Let $A \subseteq R$. If A has a maximum then it also has a supremum, and $\max(A) = \sup(A)$.

Written assignment 3: Use the rules of working with quantifiers to negate the following statement (see B/G ch.3.3). No need at all to understand the meaning of this statement. ¹

$\forall \varepsilon > 0 \exists \delta > 0$ such that $\forall x \in N_\delta(a)$ it is true that $f(x) \in N_\varepsilon(f(a))$.

¹You will learn later in this course that this is the definition of continuity of a function $x \mapsto f(x)$ at a point a in the domain of f .