# Math 330 Section 1 - Fall 2025 - Homework 10

Published: Thursday, October 16, 2025 Running total: 37 points

Last submission: Friday, October 31, 2025

#### **Status - Reading Assignments:**

The reading assignments you were asked to complete before the first one of this HW are:

MF lecture notes:

ch.1 - 3, skim ch.4, ch.5 - 9, ch.11 through Example 11.11

B/G (Beck/Geoghegan) Textbook:

ch.2.1 – 7, ch.8, ch.9.1, ch.10-11

Other material (optional):

B/K lecture notes ch.1.1 and ch.1.2, except ch.1.2.4

Stewart Calculus 7ed - ch.1.7: "The Precise Definition of a Limit"

# New reading assignments:

# Reading assignment 1 - due Monday, October 20:

- **a.** Skip the optional MF ch.9.10 (Sequences that Enumerate Parts of  $\mathbb{Q}$ ). The stronger students are encouraged to at least skim the contents.
- **b.** Carefully read MF ch.10.1 10.2. Unless you are a masochist, stay away from ch.10.3.
- c. If you neither have taken nor are currently taking a linear algebra course, read carefully MF ch.11.1 and ch.11.2.1 through Example 11.11 (Vector spaces of real-valued functions). Otherwise, focus on the examples in MF ch.11.2.1. In particular, study the function space examples, e.g., Example 11.11 (Vector spaces of real-valued functions).

#### Reading assignment 2 - due: Wednesday, October 22:

a. Read VERY CAREFULLY MF ch.11.2.2. Skip nothing! Be sure to understand for p=2 why  $||f||_{L^p} = \left(\int_a^b |f(x)|^p dx\right)^{1/p}$  is a measure for the size of f. This will be easier if you draw a picture for p=1!

#### Reading assignment 3 - due Friday, October 24 (Rejuvenation day:

- **a.** Review B/G ch.9.2 and ch.8.
- **b.** Read carefully B/G ch.12 and ch.13.1 13.4. You know the material from MF ch.7, 9, 10.

Written assignments: See the next page!

# Written assignments:

**Written assignment 1:** Prove Proposition 7.13: Every infinite set X contains a proper subset A that is countably infinite. **Hint:** Use recursion with an induction argument to show that you can remove  $a_{n+1}$  From  $X_n := X \setminus \{a_0, a_1, \ldots, a_n\}$ : To be able to do so, you must PROVE that  $X_n \neq \emptyset$  holds for ALL n. Why does that help? (What can you say about the sequence  $(x_n)_{n=1}^{\infty}$ )?

**Written assignment 2:** Prove the following part of De Morgan's Law:

Let there be a universal set  $\Omega$  which contains all elements of an indexed family of sets  $(A_{\alpha})_{\alpha \in I}$ . Then

$$\left(\bigcap_{\alpha} A_{\alpha}\right)^{\complement} \subseteq \bigcup_{\alpha} A_{\alpha}^{\complement}.$$

Written assignment 3: Prove formula (8.33):

If X,Y,Z be arbitrary, nonempty sets and  $\,f:X\to Y$  ,  $\,g:Y\to Z$  ,  $U\subseteq X$  , and  $W\subseteq Z$  , then

$$(g \circ f)(U) \subseteq g(f(U))$$
 for all  $U \subseteq X$ .