

NAME (Printed): _____

Math 304-6 Linear Algebra Spring 2026 Quiz 1 Feingold

INSTRUCTIONS: Show all necessary work for each problem.

Let $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 & 3 & 5 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 5 & 4 & 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ be the coefficient matrix of the linear system $AX = 0_1^4$.

- (1) (5 Points) Row reduce $[A|0_1^4]$ to **Reduced Row Echelon Form** (RREF) to find the solution set $\{X \in \mathbb{F}^4 \mid AX = 0_1^4\}$ in terms of some **free variables** in \mathbb{F} .

- (2) (5 Points) Let $B = \begin{bmatrix} b_1 \\ b_2 \\ b_3 \\ b_4 \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{F}^4$. Row reduce $[A|B]$ to Reduced Row Echelon Form (RREF) to find the **consistency conditions** on the entries of B required for the linear system $AX = B$ to be **consistent**.

1. (5 Points) The row reduction of $[A|0_1^4]$ to RREF needed to solve $AX = 0_1^4$ is:

$$\left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 3 & 5 & 0 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 5 & 4 & 3 & 2 & 0 \end{array} \right] \rightarrow \left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 4 & 6 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & -2 & -3 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & -2 & -3 & 0 \end{array} \right] \rightarrow \left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 0 & -1 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] \text{ so } \begin{array}{l} x_1 = r + 2s \\ x_2 = -2r - 3s \\ x_3 = r \in \mathbb{F} \\ x_4 = s \in \mathbb{F}. \end{array}$$

The solution set in terms of **free variables** is $\left\{ X = \begin{bmatrix} r + 2s \\ -2r - 3s \\ r \\ s \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{F}^4 \mid r, s \in \mathbb{F} \right\}.$

In the first step of the row reduction the row operations used were: $R_1 + R_2 \rightarrow R_2$, $-3R_1 + R_3 \rightarrow R_3$ and $-5R_1 + R_4 \rightarrow R_4$. In the second step the row operations used were: $R_3 + R_1 \rightarrow R_1$, $2R_3 + R_2 \rightarrow R_2$, $-R_3 + R_4 \rightarrow R_4$, $R_2 \leftrightarrow R_3$.

2. (5 Points) For $B = \begin{bmatrix} b_1 \\ b_2 \\ b_3 \\ b_4 \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{F}^4$ **consistency conditions** on the entries of B for

$AX = B$ are found by row reduction of $[A|B]$. The consistency conditions come from rows with all zeros on the left side of the RREF:

$$\left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & b_1 \\ -1 & 1 & 3 & 5 & b_2 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 & 0 & b_3 \\ 5 & 4 & 3 & 2 & b_4 \end{array} \right] \rightarrow \left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & b_1 \\ 0 & 2 & 4 & 6 & b_2 + b_1 \\ 0 & -1 & -2 & -3 & b_3 - 3b_1 \\ 0 & -1 & -2 & -3 & b_4 - 5b_1 \end{array} \right] \rightarrow$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 0 & -1 & -2 & -2b_1 + b_3 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 3b_1 - b_3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -5b_1 + b_2 + 2b_3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -2b_1 - b_3 + b_4 \end{array} \right] \text{ is consistent iff } \begin{array}{l} 0 = -5b_1 + b_2 + 2b_3 \\ \text{and} \\ 0 = -2b_1 - b_3 + b_4. \end{array}$$

Note that these two conditions are equivalent to the two conditions $b_2 = 5b_1 - 2b_3$ and $b_4 = -2b_1 + b_3$, and these conditions are satisfied by each of the four columns of A .

Can you explain why $AX = \text{Col}_j(A)$ is consistent for $1 \leq j \leq 4$?