# Math 330 Section 6 - Spring 2024 - Homework 13

Published: Tuesday, April 2, 2024 Last submission: Friday, April 19, 2024 Running total: 51 points

### **Status - Reading Assignments:**

The reading assignments you were asked to complete before the first one of this HW are:

MF lecture notes:

ch.2.1 – 2.7, ch.3, skim ch.4 (optional), ch.5 - 12.10, Theorem 12.10

B/G (Beck/Geoghegan) Textbook: ch.2 - 12

B/K lecture notes:

ch.1.1 (Introduction to sets) (optional)

ch.1.2 (Introduction to Functions) but skip ch.1.2.4: Floor and Ceiling Functions (optional)

#### Other:

Stewart Calculus 7ed - ch.1.7: "The Precise Definition of a Limit". If you have a newer or older edition then you may have to search through the table of contents and/or consult the index.

## New reading assignments:

#### Reading assignment 1 - due Monday, April 8, 2024:

- **a.** Carefully read the remainder of MF ch.12.10.
- **b.** Extra carefully read MF ch.13.1.1.
- c. Carefully read MF ch.12.1.2. (Very brief.)
- d. The stronger students are encouraged to read MF ch.12.1.3.

#### Reading assignment 2 - due: Wednesday, April 10, 2024:

• Study for the midterm!

#### Reading assignment 3 - due Friday, April 12, 2024:

**a.** Carefully read MF ch.13.2.1 and 13.2.2. Note that the very lengthy proof of Riemann's rearrangement theorem has been marked optional.

Be sure to read pages 2 and 3!

#### Supplementary instructions for reading MF ch.12:

When you read or reread any topics in those chapters then the following is good advice:

- **a.** MF ch.12.1: Draw as many pictures as possible to get a feeling for the abstract concepts. Use the metric spaces  $(\mathbb{R}^2, d|_{\|\cdot\|_2})$  and  $(\mathscr{B}(X, \mathbb{R}), d|_{\|\cdot\|_{\infty}})$  for this. Do these drawings in particular for
- open sets and neighborhoods (ch.12.1.3)
- convergence, expressed with nhoods (the end of def.12.10 in ch.12.1.4)
- metric and topological subspaces (ch.12.1.7): draw an irregular shaped subset  $A \subseteq \mathbb{R}^2$  in two pieces  $A = A_1 \biguplus A_2$  which do not overlap. Draw some points  $x_j \in A$  with  $\varepsilon$ -nhoods (circles with radius  $\varepsilon$  about  $x_j$ ) so that some circles are entirely in A, one with  $x_j \in A_1$ which reaches into  $A^{\complement}$  but not into  $A_2$ , and one with  $x_j \in A_2$  which reaches both into  $A^{\complement}$ and  $A_1$ . What is  $N_{\varepsilon}^A(x_j)$ ?
- Contact points, closed sets and closures (ch.12.1.8): Draw subsets B ⊆ R<sup>2</sup> with parts of their boundary (periphery) drawn solid to indicate that points there belong to B and other parts drawn dashed to indicate that those boundary points belong to the complement. What is B?

Draw points "completetely inside" *B*, others "completetely outside" *B*, and others on the solid and dashed parts of the boundary. Which ones can you approximate from within *B* by sequences? Which ones can you surround by circles that entirely stay within *B*, i.e., which ones are interior points of *B*? Which ones can you surround by circles that entirely stay outside the closure of *B*, i.e., which ones are entirely within  $\overline{B}^{\complement}$ ? Use those pictures to visualize the definitions in this chapter and thm 12.6 and thm.12.7.

- Now repeat that exercise with an additional set *A* which is meant to be a metric subspace of  $\mathbb{R}^2$ .
- **b.** MF ch.12.2 (Continuity): Draw as many pictures as possible to get a feeling for continuity, especially if you did not take multivariable calculus and are not used to dealing with continuous/differentiable functions of more than one variable. Here is a picture.

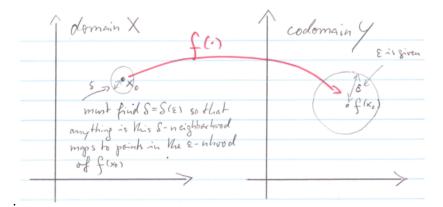


Figure 0.1:  $\varepsilon$ - $\delta$  continuity

Written assignments on page 3

Written assignment 1: (3 points!) Prove MF prop.11.13 (Properties of the sup norm):  $h \mapsto ||h||_{\infty} = \sup\{|h(x)| : x \in X\}$  defines a norm on  $\mathscr{B}(X, \mathbb{R})$ 

This assignment is worth three points: **One point each** for pos.definite, absolutely homogeneous, triangle inequality!

**Hint:** Go for a treasure hunt in ch.9.2 (Minima, Maxima, Infima and Suprema), and look at the properties of  $\sup(A)(A \subseteq \mathbb{R})$  to prove absolute homogeneity and the triangle inequality.

This assignment is worth three points, and you will have to earn them! The following exemplifies the level of detail I expect you to provide.

To prove that  $\|\cdot\|_{\infty}$  satisfies the triangle inequality (11.27c) of a norm you will have to write something along the following lines:

 $\|\cdot\|_{\infty}$ )

c. Triangle inequality.  
NTS: 
$$||f + g||_{\infty} \leq ||f||_{\infty} + ||g||_{\infty}$$
 for all  $f, g \in \mathscr{B}(X, \mathbb{R})$ .  
Proof:  
 $||f + g||_{\infty} = \sup\{|f(x)| + |g(x)| : x \in X\}$  (definition of  
 $= \dots$  (.....)

$$\leq \dots \qquad (\dots) = \|f\|_{\infty} + \|g\|_{\infty} \qquad (\dots)$$

(There may be fewer or more steps in your proof. The above only serves as an illustration!) No need to justify properties of the absolute value  $|\alpha|$  of a real number  $\alpha$ , but you will need to justify why

$$\sup\{|\alpha f(x)| : x \in X\} = |\alpha| \sup\{|f(x)| : x \in X\},\$$

and why

$$\sup\{|f(x) + g(x)| : x \in X\} \leq \sup\{|f(x)| : x \in X\} + \sup\{|g(x)| : x \in X\}.$$

An aside: **DO NOT** write  $||f(x)||_{\infty}$  when you deal with the real number f(x) (and **you probably mean** the absolute value |f(x)|).

 $\|\cdot\|_{\infty}$  is defined for functions *f*, NOT for numbers f(x)!

#### Written assignment 2 (3 points):

Prove MF thm.12.1 (Norms define metric spaces): Let  $(V, \|\cdot\|)$  be a normed vector space. Then the function

 $d_{\parallel \cdot \parallel}(\cdot, \cdot) : V \times V \to \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}; \qquad (x, y) \mapsto d_{\parallel \cdot \parallel}(x, y) := \|y - x\|$ 

defines a metric space  $(V, d_{\parallel,\parallel})$ .

This assignment is worth three points: **One point each** for pos.definite, symmetry, triangle inequality!

**Hint**: You will have to show for each one of (12.1a), (12.1b), (12.1c) how it follows from def. 11.15: Which one of (11.31a), (11.31b), (11.31c) do you use at which spot?

Careful with symmetry: What is the reason that ||a - b|| = ||b - a||?

This assignment is worth three points, and you will have to earn them! The following exemplifies the level of detail I expect you to provide.

To prove, e.g., that  $d_{\|\cdot\|}(\cdot, \cdot)$  satisfies the triangle inequality (12.1c) of a metric you will have to write something along the following lines:

c. Triangle inequality. NTS:  $d_{\|\cdot\|}(x,z) \leq d_{\|\cdot\|}(x,y) + d_{\|\cdot\|}(y,z)$  for all  $x, y, z \in X$ .

Proof:

$$\begin{split} d_{\|\cdot\|}(x,z) &= \|z - x\| \quad \text{(definition of the metric } d_{\|\cdot\|}\text{)} \\ &= \dots \quad (\dots) \\ &\leq \dots \quad (\dots) \\ &= d_{\|\cdot\|}(x,y) + d_{\|\cdot\|}(y,z) \quad (\dots) \end{split}$$

(There may be fewer or more steps in your proof. The above only serves as an illustration!)